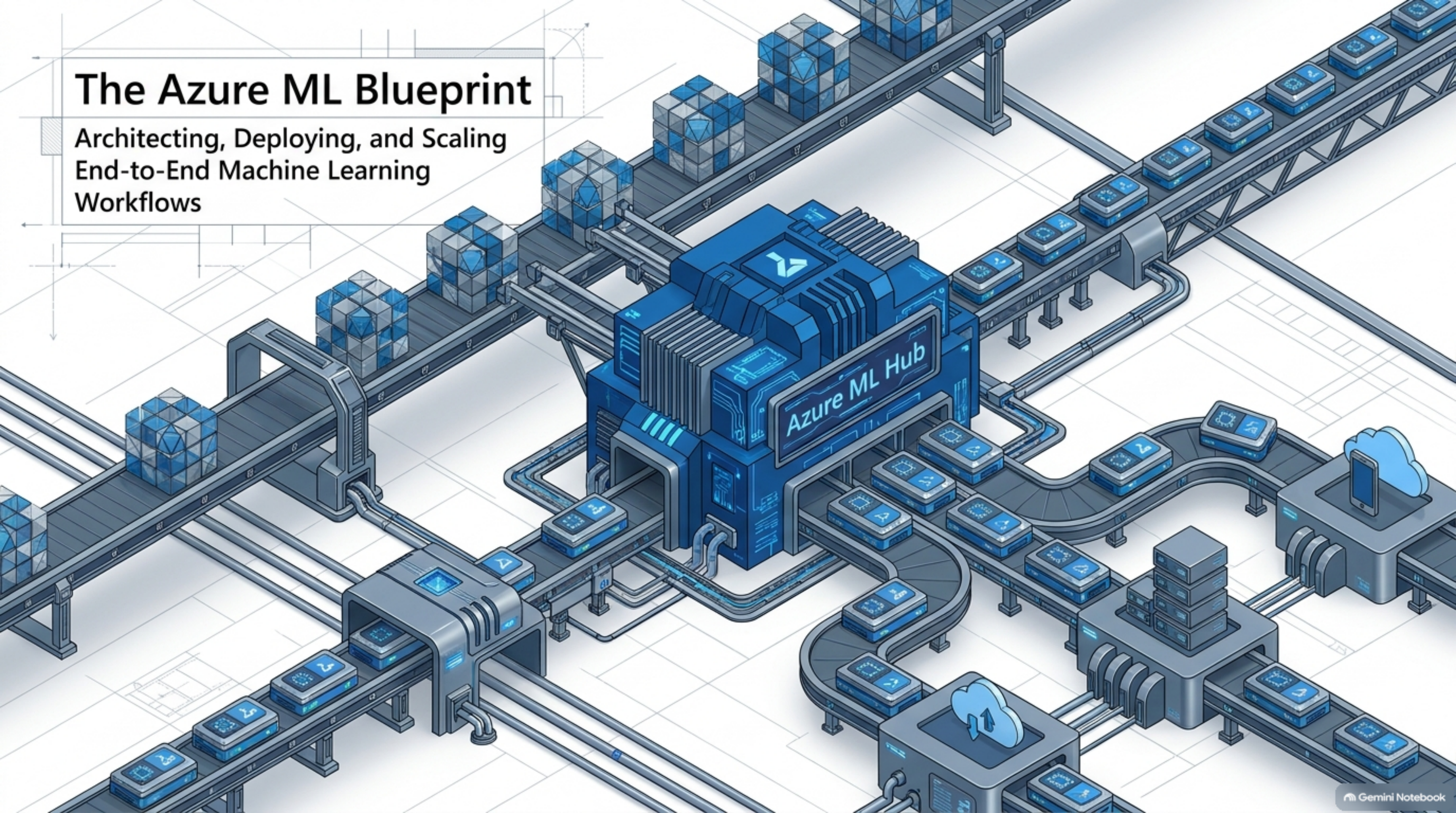
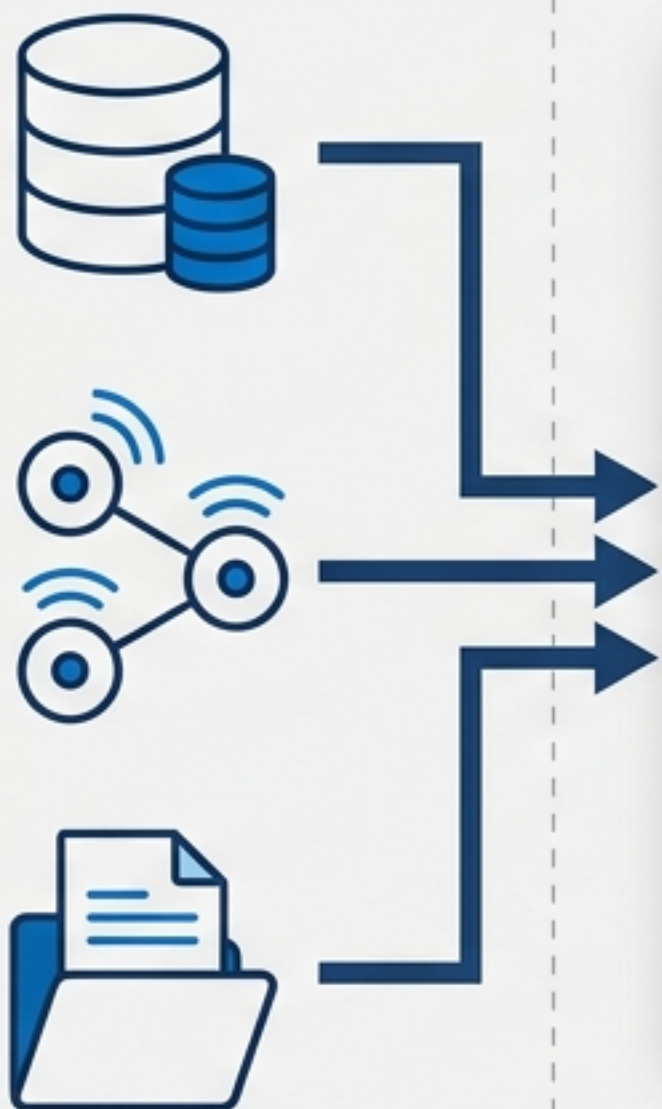


The Azure ML Blueprint

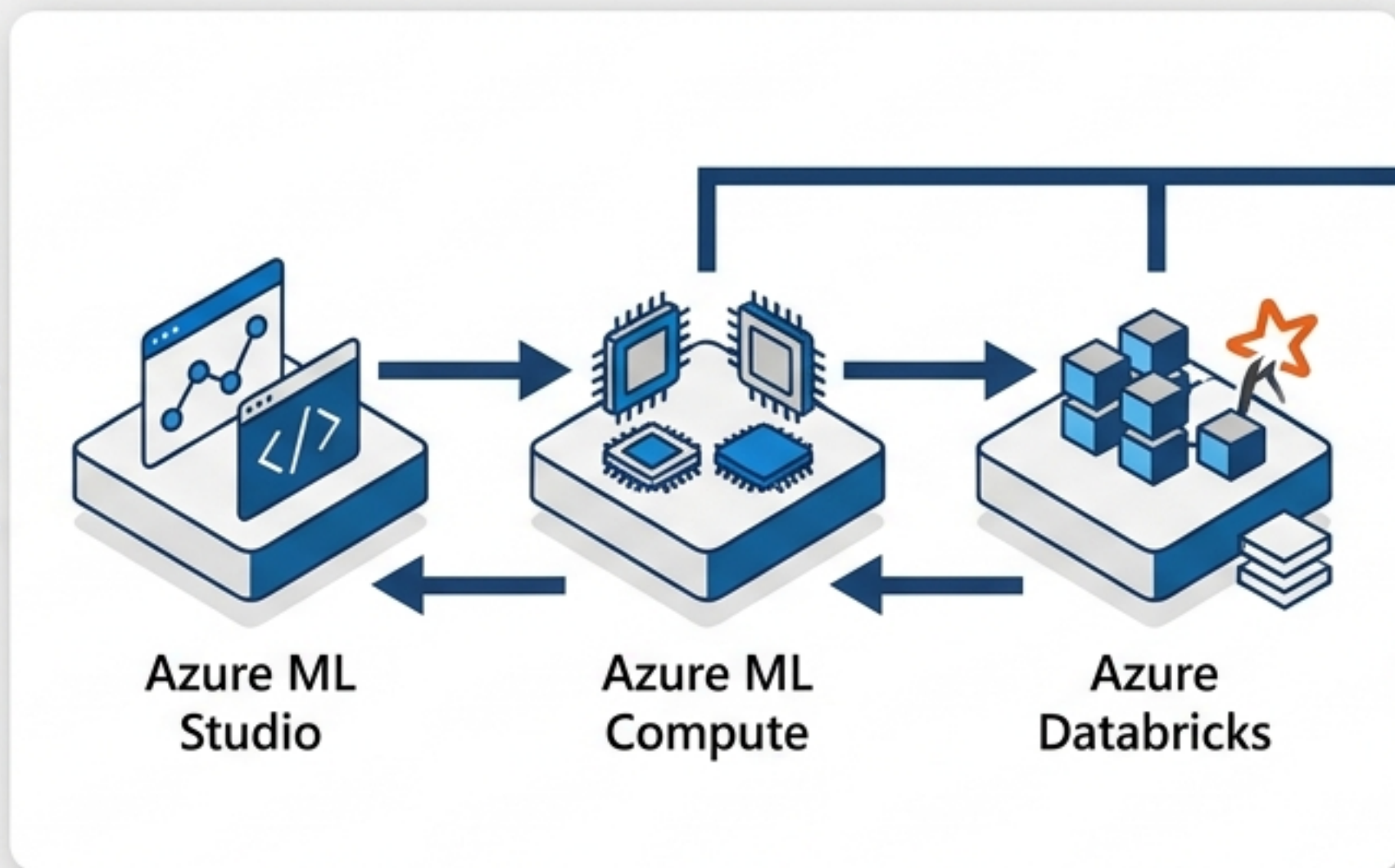
Architecting, Deploying, and Scaling
End-to-End Machine Learning
Workflows



Data Sources



Azure ML Workspace



Deployment



Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS)



Azure App Services

Azure Machine Learning is a unified orchestration engine connecting data engineering, model development, and scalable deployment under one governed umbrella.

Automating the Infrastructure to Focus on the Magic

Data Prep & Analysis



Azure Databricks for large-scale Apache Spark data processing.

Iterative Training



Azure Machine Learning SDK and Automated ML.

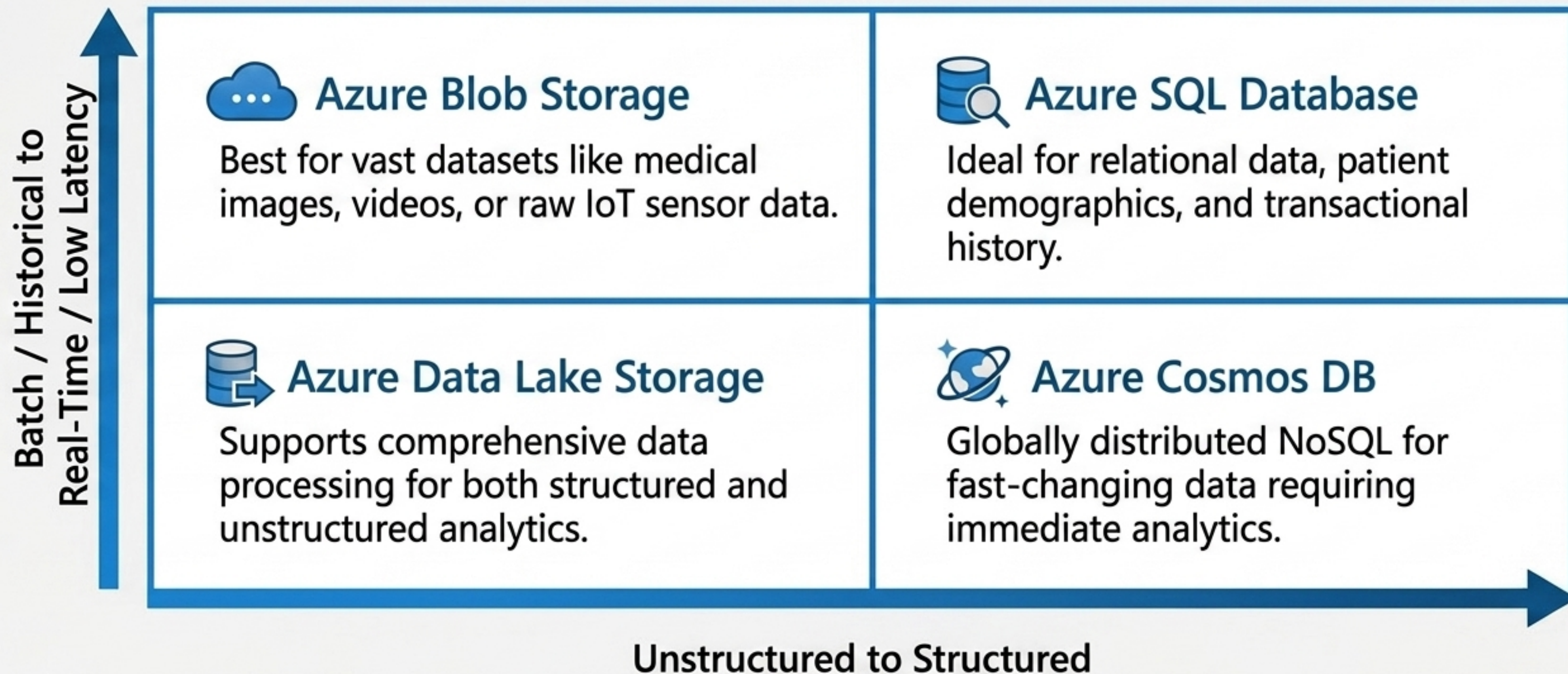
Production Monitoring



Azure Monitor and Application Insights to track drift and latency.

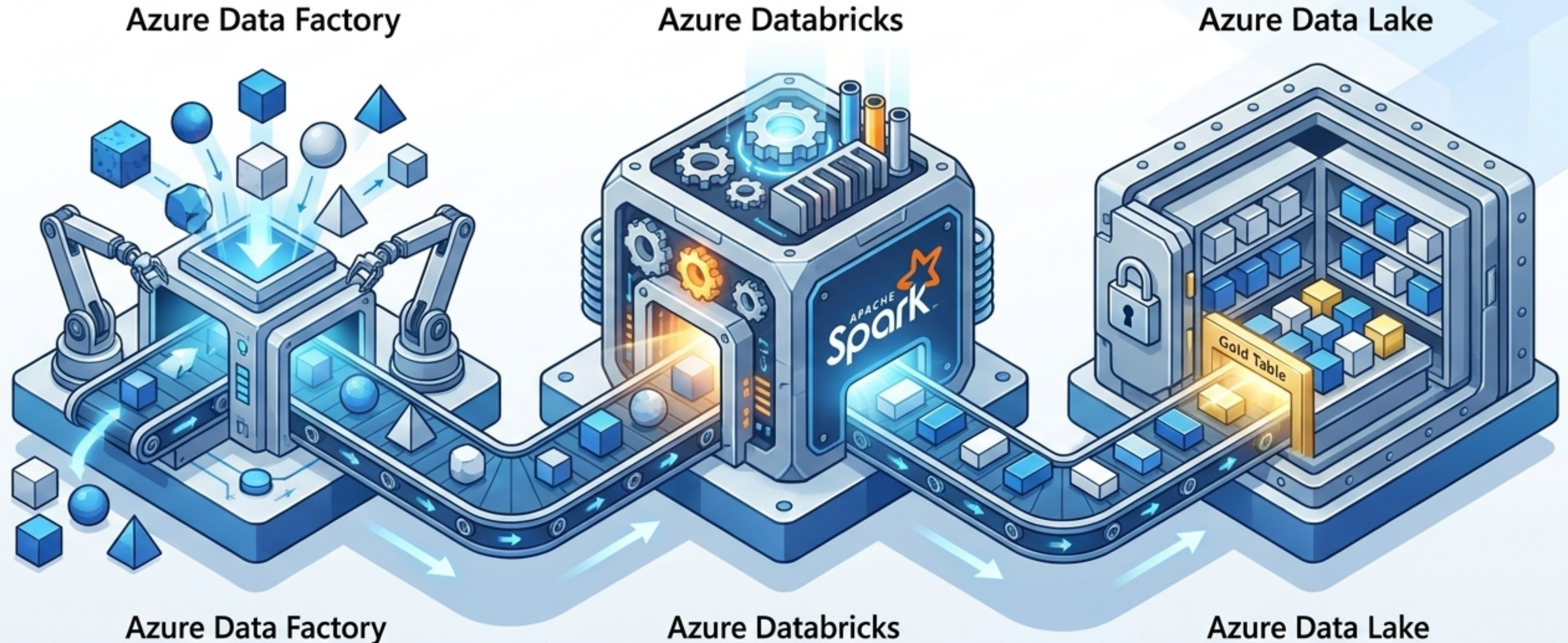
Azure automates data movement, cluster provisioning, and endpoint monitoring—removing operational friction from the daily workflow.

Selecting the Foundational Data Storage Architecture



Orchestrating Ingestion and Feature Engineering

Robust pipelines require separate engines for movement (Data Factory) and transformation (Databricks).



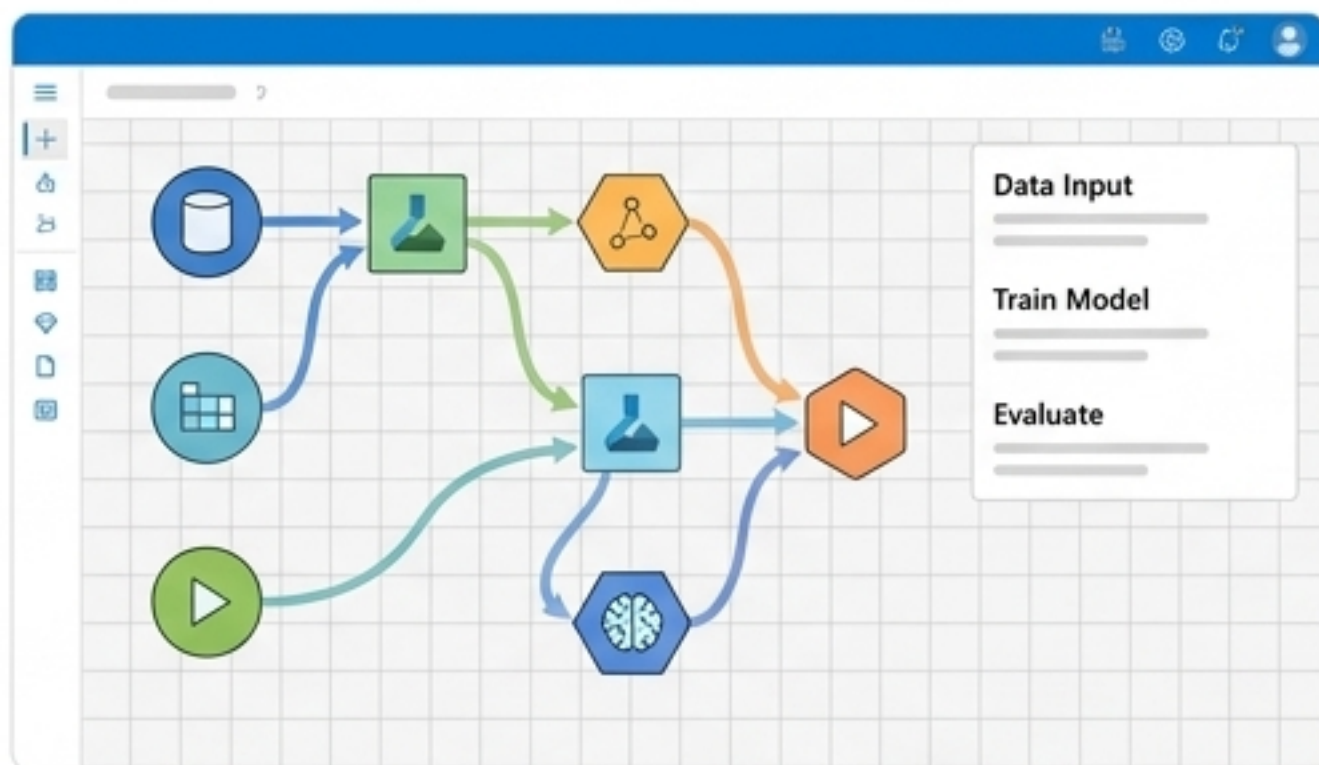
Extracts data from diverse sources via Mapping Data Flows.

Leverages Apache Spark for complex cleaning and large-scale feature engineering.

Refined data is pushed to a Gold Table, ready for ML training.

Dual-Path Model Development Flexibility

Azure ML Studio



No-code UI / Designer. Ideal for rapid prototyping and citizen data scientists.

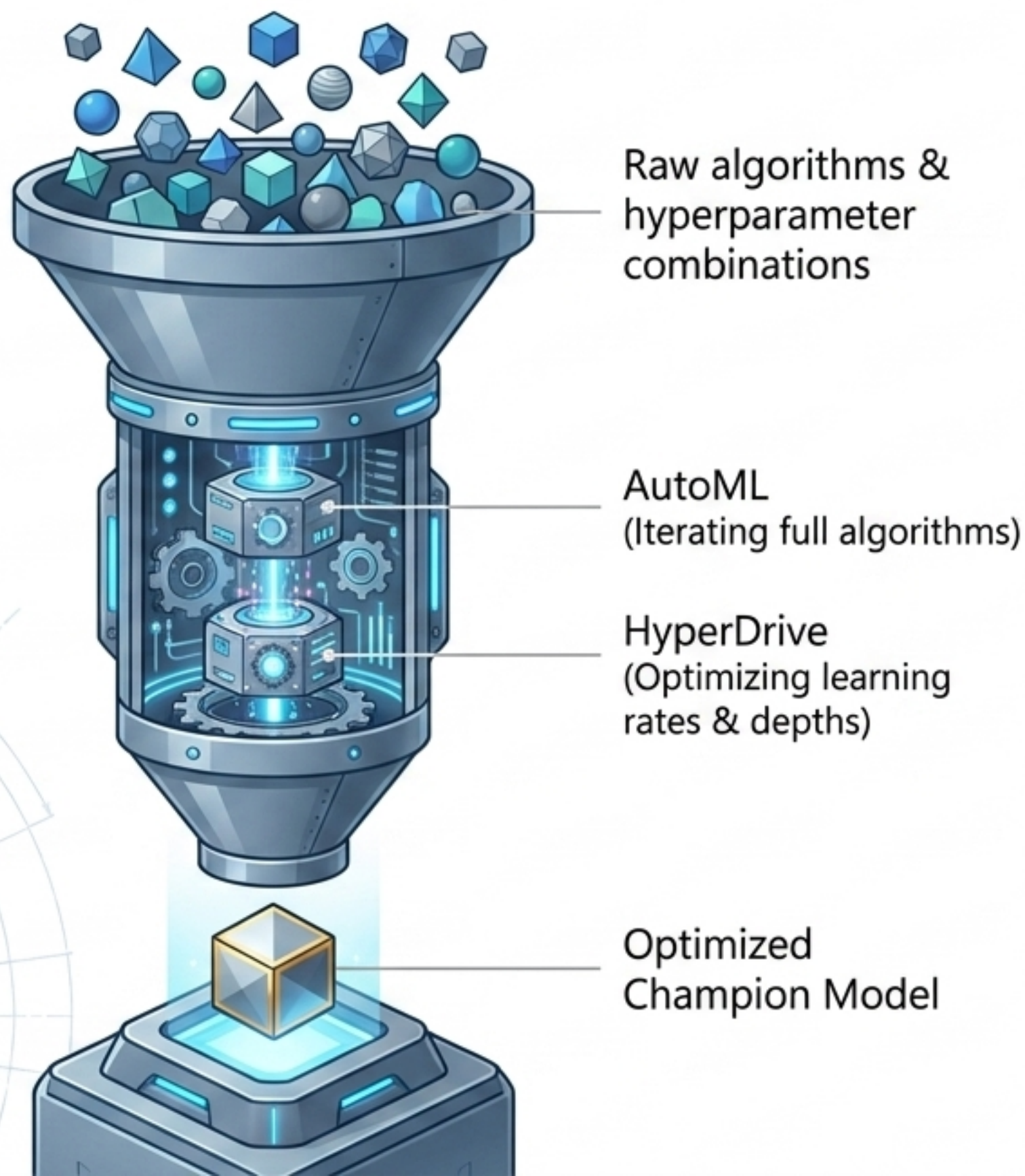
Azure ML SDK

```
train.py x
1 from azureml.core import Workspace, Experiment
2
3 ws = Workspace.from_config()
4
5 run = experiment.submit(config)
6 run.wait_for_completion(show_output=True)
7
8 import torch
9 import pandas as pd
10
```

Python code-first approach. Ideal for custom training scripts, distributed training, and deep Git integration.

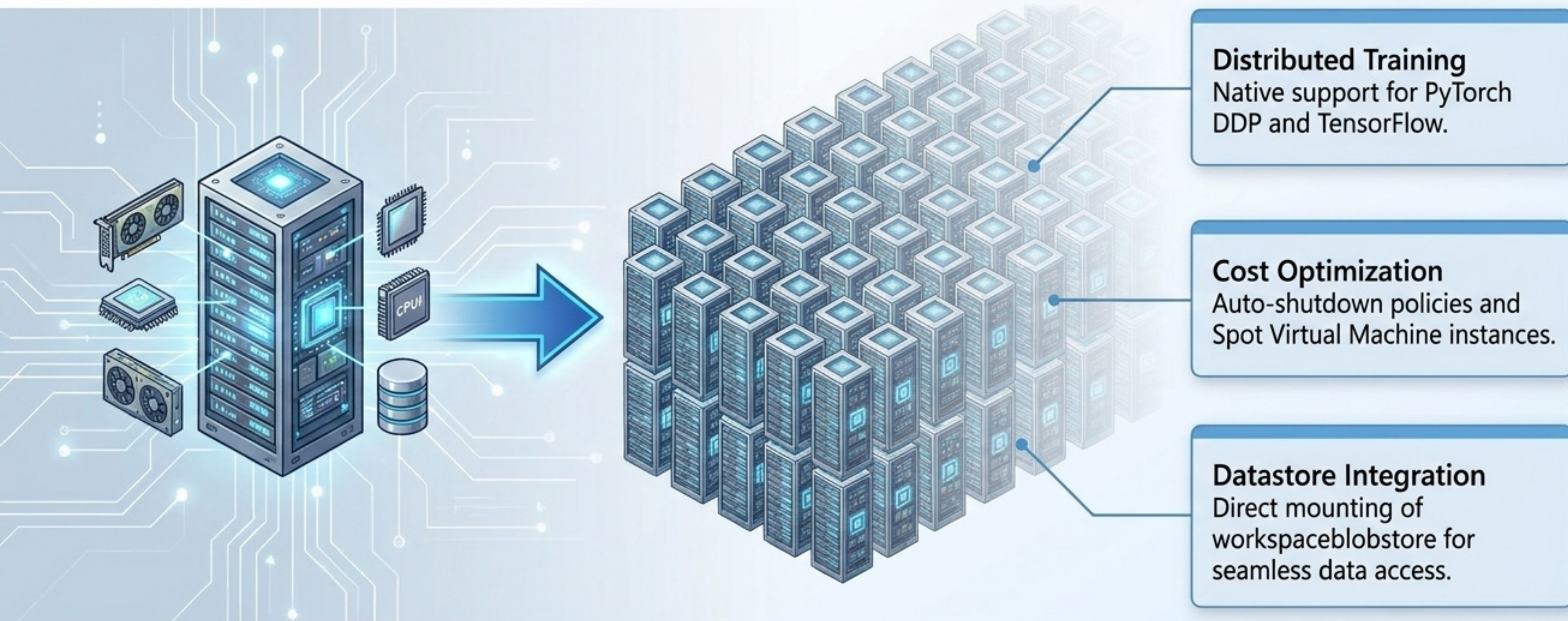
Both paths share the same underlying compute and tracking infrastructure.

Automating the Search for the Optimal Model



Azure accelerates development by automating time-consuming iterative tasks, ensuring highest predictive accuracy.

Scaling the Training Engine with Azure ML Compute

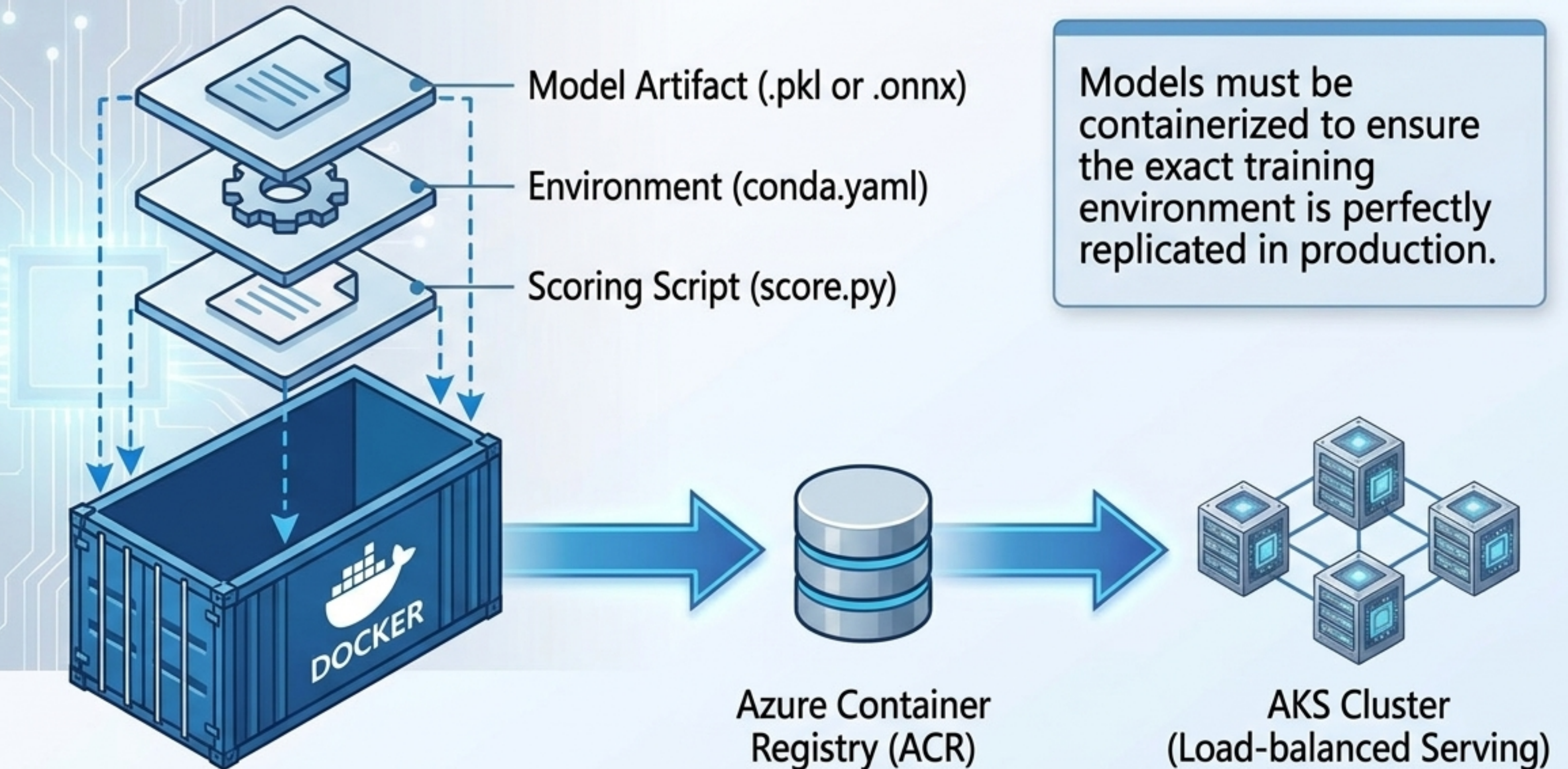


Managed, distributed clusters scale up for heavy workloads and scale down to zero to eliminate idle costs.

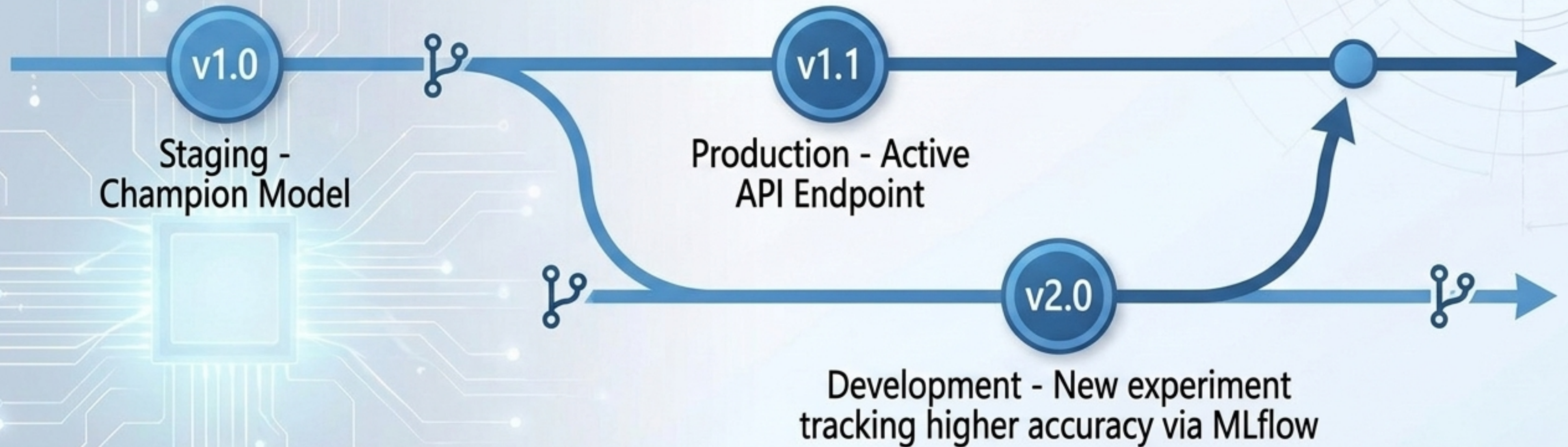
The Deployment Diagnostic Matrix

	Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS)	Azure App Services	Azure Functions
Scale/Load	Enterprise scale, heavy request volumes.	Moderate. Web-integrated applications.	Lightweight, intermittent usage.
Latency	Real-time, low latency.	Real-time REST APIs.	Event-driven.
Complexity	High. Container orchestration, auto-scaling, load balancing.	Medium. Fully managed web infrastructure.	Low. Serverless, zero infrastructure management.

The Enterprise Standard for Containerized Deployment

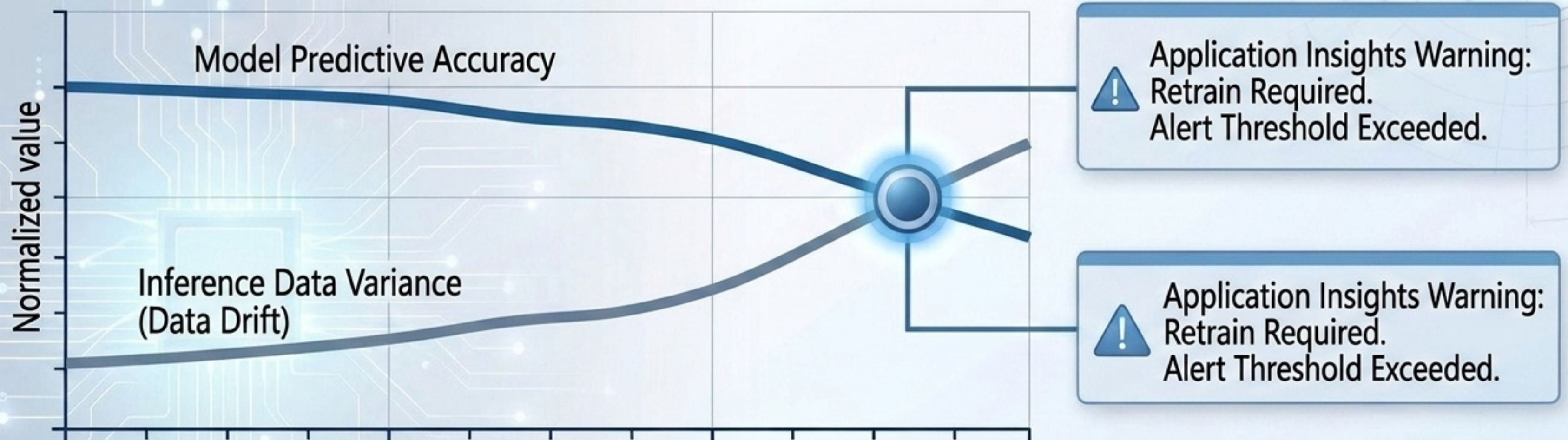


Governing the Lifecycle with MLflow and Model Registries



Azure's deep integration with MLflow tracks every experiment parameter and metric. The Model Registry ensures models are auditable, versioned, and rollback-ready.

Proactive Monitoring and Detecting Data Drift

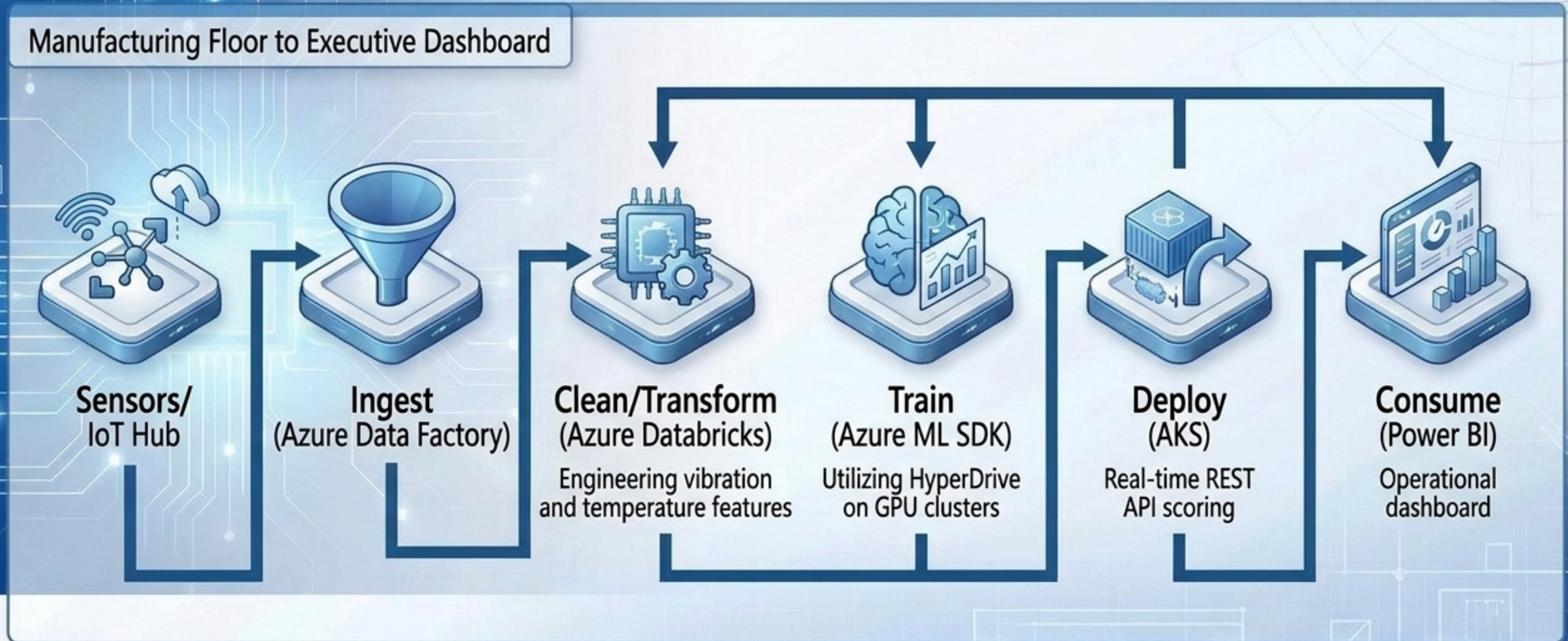


Real-world inference data shifts away from original training data over time. Dataset monitors mathematically detect drift before business value is impacted.

The Self-Healing Pipeline and CI/CD Automation



Real-World Architecture: Predictive Maintenance



The Azure ML Production Checklist



[Ingest] Match storage architecture (Blob, SQL, Cosmos DB) to data structure and latency needs.



[Prepare] Orchestrate movement with Data Factory; scale feature engineering with Databricks.



[Train] Leverage HyperDrive and managed Azure ML Compute for cost-efficient, distributed training.



[Deploy] Containerize models (.pkl, score.py, conda.yaml) and route high-traffic APIs to AKS.



[Monitor] Close the MLOps flywheel by using Azure Monitor to detect drift and DevOps to automate retraining.